

# Hartritmestoornissen (QT-verlenging op het ECG) door domperidon

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In literature, domperidone has been linked to QT-prolongation resulting in acute cardiac dysrhythmias and sudden death. However, in practice doctors are still in need of domperidone. We hypothesize that in normal dosages QT-prolongation is relatively...

|                             |                                                     |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Ethische beoordeling</b> | Niet van toepassing                                 |
| <b>Status</b>               | Werving nog niet gestart                            |
| <b>Type aandoening</b>      | -                                                   |
| <b>Onderzoekstype</b>       | Observationeel onderzoek, zonder invasieve metingen |

## Samenvatting

### ID

NL-OMON28199

### Bron

Nationaal Trial Register

### Verkorte titel

QT-DOM

### Aandoening

QT-prolongation, cardiac dysrhythmias

## Ondersteuning

**Primaire sponsor:** Erasmus MC

**Overige ondersteuning:** Application is under consideration.

## Onderzoeksproduct en/of interventie

## Uitkomstmaten

### Primaire uitkomstmaten

QT-time on ECG performed 30-60 minutes after the fourth dosage of domperidone.

# Toelichting onderzoek

## Achtergrond van het onderzoek

In literature, domperidone has been linked to QT-prolongation resulting in acute cardiac dysrhythmias and sudden death. However, in practice doctors are still in need of domperidone. We hypothesize that in normal dosages QT-prolongation is relatively infrequent and we expect we can identify clear risk factors that may guide doctors in safe prescribing of domperidone. In order to test this hypothesis, an observational study will be designed. All patients aged 18 years and older who start with domperidone while hospitalised in the Erasmus MC will be included. Excluded are patients who do not give informed consent, who are incompetent and who suffer from the congenital prolonged QT-syndroom.

Primary outcome will be QT time on the ECG, performed 30-60 minutes after the fourth dosage of domperidone. Secondary outcome will be a continuous QT-time measurement during 24 hours, starting after the fourth dosage.

We will look into the following potential risk factors:

- serum concentration of domperidone 30-60 minutes after the fourth dosage of domperidone
- pharmacogenetics (CYP3A4, CYP1A2, CYP2E1)
- general patient characteristics (age, gender, body weight, comorbidities, renal and hepatic function, serum electrolyte parameters)
- domperidone dosage
- comedication.

We expect to include 300 patients in one year.

## Doel van het onderzoek

In literature, domperidone has been linked to QT-prolongation resulting in acute cardiac dysrhythmias and sudden death. However, in practice doctors are still in need of domperidone. We hypothesize that in normal dosages QT-prolongation is relatively infrequent and we expect we can identify clear risk factors that may guide doctors in safe prescribing of domperidone.

## Onderzoeksopzet

1-2 days after starting domperidone.

## Onderzoeksproduct en/of interventie

None. It concerns an observational study.  
Domperidone is prescribed as part of usual care.

## Contactpersonen

### Publiek

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### Wetenschappelijk

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## Deelname eisen

### Belangrijkste voorwaarden om deel te mogen nemen (Inclusiecriteria)

- new prescription of domperidone while hospitalised in the Erasmus Medical Center
- age 18 years and older

### Belangrijkste redenen om niet deel te kunnen nemen (Exclusiecriteria)

- no informed consent

- terminally ill patient
- incompetent patient
- congenital prolonged QT-syndrome

## Onderzoeksopzet

### Opzet

|                  |                                                     |
|------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| Type:            | Observationeel onderzoek, zonder invasieve metingen |
| Onderzoeksmodel: | Parallel                                            |
| Toewijzing:      | N.v.t. / één studie arm                             |
| Blinding:        | Open / niet geblindeerd                             |
| Controle:        | N.v.t. / onbekend                                   |

### Deelname

|                         |                          |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| Nederland               |                          |
| Status:                 | Werving nog niet gestart |
| (Verwachte) startdatum: | 01-09-2014               |
| Aantal proefpersonen:   | 300                      |
| Type:                   | Verwachte startdatum     |

## Ethische beoordeling

|                     |                     |
|---------------------|---------------------|
| Niet van toepassing |                     |
| Soort:              | Niet van toepassing |

## Registraties

### Opgevolgd door onderstaande (mogelijk meer actuele) registratie

ID: 40915  
Bron: ToetsingOnline  
Titel:

## Andere (mogelijk minder actuele) registraties in dit register

Geen registraties gevonden.

## In overige registers

| Register | ID             |
|----------|----------------|
| NTR-new  | NL4384         |
| NTR-old  | NTR4515        |
| CCMO     | NL49083.078.14 |
| OMON     | NL-OMON40915   |

## Resultaten

### Samenvatting resultaten

None.