

# The effect and feasibility of an intensive exposure treatment for elderly with anxiety and obsessive-compulsive disorders. A multiple baseline study.

Published: 30-09-2024

Last updated: 27-12-2024

The primary objective of this research is to assess the effect whether an intensive exposure treatment for older patients (aged 65 years and older) with anxiety and- or compulsive disorders is suitable for this target group and leads to a decrease in...

|                              |                                |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| <b>Ethical review</b>        | Approved WMO                   |
| <b>Status</b>                | Recruiting                     |
| <b>Health condition type</b> | Anxiety disorders and symptoms |
| <b>Study type</b>            | Interventional                 |

## Summary

### ID

NL-OMON57023

### Source

ToetsingOnline

### Brief title

Intensive exposure treatment for elderly.

### Condition

- Anxiety disorders and symptoms

### Synonym

anxiety disorder, obsessive compulsive disorder

### Research involving

Human

### Sponsors and support

**Primary sponsor:** ProPersona (Nijmegen)

**Source(s) of monetary or material Support:** Financiering door Pro Persona

## Intervention

**Keyword:** anxiety and obsessive compulsive disorder, elderly, exposure treatment, intensive

## Outcome measures

### Primary outcome

The primary objective is to investigate whether the intensive exposure treatment of 8 weeks leads to a reduction in complaints with older patients with anxiety or obsessive-compulsive disorders, measured with the Geriatric Anxiety Inventory (GAI) and disorder-specific questionnaires.

### Secondary outcome

The secondary objective is whether the treatment leads to a reduction in depressive symptoms and an improvement in the perceived quality of life as well. Feasibility is operationalized in the number of completed therapy sessions, the rate of dropout and satisfaction with the treatment.

## Study description

### Background summary

As a result of the aging population, there is an increasingly large group of people over 65 years old and of all psychiatric diagnoses, anxiety disorders are the most common in this group. Cognitive behavioral therapy (CBT) with exposure as a crucial part has been the golden standard for years when it comes to treating adults with anxiety and obsessive-compulsive disorders. Unfortunately, not much scientific research on the effect of this treatment in the elderly population has been conducted. Besides that it appears that there is a tendency to apply exposure less often in this target group, as a result of the phenomenon of 'ageism' (stereotypical prejudices relative to others or ourselves based on older age). There is therefore an urgent need for more information about the effect and feasibility of cognitive behavioral therapy with exposure in older clients with anxiety and obsessive-compulsive disorders.

Intensive forms of CBT (consisting of more than two appointments per week), with an emphasis on exposure, are very common in specialist mental health care. The aim of these intensive treatments is to optimize and/or accelerate the effect of treatment. Based on extensive clinical experiences of the expertise center Overwaal, an intensified treatment protocol has been developed for elderly people with persistent anxiety and obsessive-compulsive disorders who are referred to specialized mental health care. This study examines the effect of this eight-week intensive exposure treatment on reported anxiety symptoms. The suitability and applicability of such a treatment for this target group will also be examined.

## **Study objective**

The primary objective of this research is to assess the effect whether an intensive exposure treatment for older patients (aged 65 years and older) with anxiety and- or compulsive disorders is suitable for this target group and leads to a decrease in anxiety and also a reduction of additional depressive symptoms and leads to an improved quality of life.

## **Study design**

This is an effectiveness study in the form of a randomized single case design with repeated measurements (within-subject time-series design). Participants in the study are randomly assigned to a baseline that varies in duration and complaints are monitored in the various phases before, during and after treatment using biweekly measurements.

## **Intervention**

Participants are offered an individual intensive exposure treatment by a team of experts, with an intensive phase of 4 weeks with 4 contact moments per week and a subsequent booster phase of 4 weeks with one contact per week. The treatment takes place at the locations in Arnhem and Nijmegen.

## **Study burden and risks**

The burden consists of completing questionnaires and conducting interviews. The questionnaires are administered twice a week via telephone or video call with an average duration 5-10 minutes during the research period. Four measurements will also take place throughout the study with an average duration of 60 minutes. These measurements will be linked to a treatment contact if possible. Participation in the study is voluntary and has no consequences for the existing treatment offer for the patient. The benefit for participants consists of possible (accelerated) reduction of anxiety and obsessive-compulsive symptoms.

## Contacts

### Public

ProPersona (Nijmegen)

Nijmeegsebaan 61  
Nijmegen 6525 DX  
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### Scientific

ProPersona (Nijmegen)

Nijmeegsebaan 61  
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NL

## Trial sites

### Listed location countries

Netherlands

## Eligibility criteria

### Age

Elderly (65 years and older)

### Inclusion criteria

Patients aged 65 and older who are in treatment or have been registered through their GP for treatment within the outpatient elderly team of a mental health care organization in Gelderland (Pro Persona).

They were diagnosed with one of the following anxiety disorders using the Mini International Neuropsychiatric Interview-Simplified (MINI-S): panic disorder, with or without agoraphobia, social anxiety disorder, generalized anxiety disorder, or obsessive-compulsive disorder as a main or additional diagnosis.

Other inclusion criteria for the study are:

- 1) Willingness and ability to follow the 8-week intensive treatment.
- 2) Sufficient cognitive abilities (score on the Montreal Cognitive Assessment (MOCA) of greater than or equal to 18)
- 3) Able to read and write the Dutch language.
- 4) Informed consent for the research after extensive oral and written

information.

## Exclusion criteria

Exclusion criteria are: an acute psychotic disorder, a severe mood disorder, severe developmental disorders and substance abuse or dependence. Concomitant use of antidepressants and benzodiazepines (maximum daily equivalence of 30 mg oxazepam) is permitted. Participants will be instructed to keep the current dose constant and to take the medication at regular times throughout the study period.

## Study design

### Design

|                     |                             |
|---------------------|-----------------------------|
| Study type:         | Interventional              |
| Intervention model: | Other                       |
| Allocation:         | Randomized controlled trial |
| Masking:            | Open (masking not used)     |
| Control:            | Active                      |
| Primary purpose:    | Treatment                   |

### Recruitment

|                           |            |
|---------------------------|------------|
| NL                        |            |
| Recruitment status:       | Recruiting |
| Start date (anticipated): | 20-11-2024 |
| Enrollment:               | 10         |
| Type:                     | Actual     |

## Ethics review

|                    |                                      |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Approved WMO       |                                      |
| Date:              | 30-09-2024                           |
| Application type:  | First submission                     |
| Review commission: | CMO regio Arnhem-Nijmegen (Nijmegen) |

## Study registrations

### Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

### Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

### In other registers

| Register | ID             |
|----------|----------------|
| CCMO     | NL85218.091.24 |