# An Observational Real-world Study Evaluating Severe Tricuspid Regurgitation Patients Treated with the Abbott TriClipTM Device

Published: 01-10-2020 Last updated: 31-08-2024

To confirm the safety and performance of the TriClip\* Tricuspid Valve Repair System in a real-world setting.

**Ethical review** Approved WMO **Status** Recruiting

**Health condition type** Cardiac valve disorders **Study type** Observational invasive

# **Summary**

#### ID

NL-OMON54878

#### Source

ToetsingOnline

#### **Brief title**

**bRIGHT EU Post-Approval Study** 

#### Condition

Cardiac valve disorders

#### **Synonym**

leakage of the heartvalve, Tricuspid regurgitation

## Research involving

Human

## **Sponsors and support**

Primary sponsor: St. Jude Medical

Source(s) of monetary or material Support: Abbott

1 - An Observational Real-world Study Evaluating Severe Tricuspid Regurgitation Pati ... 20-06-2025

Intervention

**Keyword:** Heart Failure, Heart Valve, Tricuspid Regurgitation

**Outcome measures** 

**Primary outcome** 

The primary endpoint is Acute Procedural Success (APS) defined as successful

implantation of the TriClip\* device with resulting TR reduction at least 1

grade at discharge (30-day echocardiogram will be used if discharge is

unavailable or uninterpretable). Subjects who die or undergo tricuspid valve

surgery before discharge are considered to be an APS failure.

**Secondary outcome** 

Secundary endpoint:

The secondary endpoint is a composite endpoint of all-cause mortality or

tricuspid valve re-intervention/re-operation at 1 year.

Clinical Endpoints:

Assessed at discharge, 30-days, 1 year and annually through 5 years (unless

indicated)

• Major Adverse Event (MAE) - MAE defined as a composite of cardiovascular

mortality, myocardial infarction, stroke, new onset renal failure, endocarditis

requiring surgery, and non-elective CV surgery for TriClip\* device-related AE

post-procedure

• Device Related Adverse Events (including Tricuspid valve stenosis, device

embolization, Single Leaflet Device Attachment (SLDA), Myocardial perforation,

or the need for Tricuspid valve replacement instead of repair due at least in

2 - An Observational Real-world Study Evaluating Severe Tricuspid Regurgitation Pati ... 20-06-2025

part to the TriClip\* procedure or the presence of the TriClip\* device)

- All-cause mortality
- TR grade, including change from baseline
- Number and duration of re-hospitalizations and reason for re-hospitalization

(i.e., heart failure, cardiovascular, non-cardiovascular)

- NYHA Functional Class improvement, Kansas City Cardiomyopathy questionnaire
- Composite of tricuspid valve re-intervention/re-operation or worsening of TR
- Composite of all-cause mortality or tricuspid valve

re-intervention/re-operation

# **Study description**

## **Background summary**

TR, or tricuspid valve insufficiency, is a failure of the tricuspid valve (TV) to close completely during systole resulting in leakage or \*regurgitation\* of blood from the right ventricle (RV) to the right atrium with each contraction of the RV. Symptoms associated with TR, are generally those of right-sided heart failure, include ascites, peripheral edema, hepatomegaly, decreased appetite, jugular vein enlargement and/or abdominal fullness. Additionally, TR severity is associated with worse survival regardless of LVEF or pulmonary artery pressure.TR has long been an overlooked condition.

Current treatment guidelines for TR indicate medical therapy to address venous congestion (e.g., diuretics) and/or treatment of the underlying disease to reduce TR (e.g., surgery)

The \*Trial to Evaluate Treatment with Abbott Transcatheter Clip Repair System in Patients with Moderate or Greater Tricuspid Regurgitation (TRILUMINATE)\* was initiated to investigate the safety and performance of the Tricuspid Valve Repair System (TVRS; also known as TriClip\*). Six-month outcomes from the TRILUMINATE study were recently published in Lancet1. Both the primary safety and performance endpoints of the clinical study were successfully met. Tricuspid regurgitation (TR) was successfully reduced in 85.5% of the subjects who had available echocardiogram data and imaging at 30 day. At 6 months, only five (6.0%) subjects experienced a major adverse event (MAE). Furthermore,

subjects treated with the TriClip\* device also experienced a significant improvement in quality of life and functional capacity1.

The TriClip\* bRIGHT EU post-approval study (PAS) study is designed to confirm the safety and performance of the TriClip\* device in a contemporary real-world setting.

## Study objective

To confirm the safety and performance of the TriClip\* Tricuspid Valve Repair System in a real-world setting.

## Study design

The bRIGHT PAS study is a prospective, single arm, open-label, multi-center, post market registry, conducted to satisfy condition of CE Marking for the TriClip\* TVRS.

## Study burden and risks

The study follows the standard care and additional TTE's are made and blood withdrawals are performed specifically for the study. The additional risks are considered minimal.

## **Contacts**

#### **Public**

St. Jude Medical

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#### Scientific

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## **Trial sites**

## **Listed location countries**

**Netherlands** 

# **Eligibility criteria**

### Age

Adults (18-64 years) Elderly (65 years and older)

## Inclusion criteria

- 1. Subjects (>=18 years age) have severe tricuspid regurgitation and are symptomatic despite medical therapy.
- 2. Subjects eligible to receive the TriClip\* per the current approved intended use and target patient population.
- 3. Subject must provide written informed consent prior to study procedure.

## **Exclusion criteria**

1. Subjects participating in another clinical study that may impact the follow-up or results of this study.

# Study design

## **Design**

Study type: Observational invasive

Masking: Open (masking not used)

Control: Uncontrolled

Primary purpose: Treatment

## Recruitment

NL

Recruitment status: Recruiting

5 - An Observational Real-world Study Evaluating Severe Tricuspid Regurgitation Pati ... 20-06-2025

Start date (anticipated): 01-03-2021

Enrollment: 15

Type: Actual

## Medical products/devices used

Generic name: TriClip□ System

Registration: Yes - CE intended use

# **Ethics review**

Approved WMO

Date: 01-10-2020

Application type: First submission

Review commission: MEC-U: Medical Research Ethics Committees United

(Nieuwegein)

Approved WMO

Date: 30-04-2021

Application type: Amendment

Review commission: MEC-U: Medical Research Ethics Committees United

(Nieuwegein)

Approved WMO

Date: 21-08-2024

Application type: Amendment

Review commission: MEC-U: Medical Research Ethics Committees United

(Nieuwegein)

# **Study registrations**

## Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

## Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

# In other registers

Register

ClinicalTrials.gov CCMO ID

NCT04483089 NL74504.100.20