Metabolic syndrome and vascular damage in relation to accelerated aging in survivors of hematopoietic stem cell transplantation for hematological malignancy.

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To study in two national cohorts of HSCT survivors, treated in different time periods, the prevalence and risk factors of metabolic syndrome, endothelial dysfunction (as a sign of vascular damage) and the clinical phenotypes of accelerated aging so...

Ethical reviewApproved WMOStatusRecruitingHealth condition typeOther condition

Study type Observational invasive

Summary

ID

NL-OMON53251

Source

ToetsingOnline

Brief title

MetVasA

Condition

- Other condition
- Vascular hypertensive disorders

Synonym

early aging (lay term: predisposition for cardiovascular disease), Metabolic syndrome, vascular disease

Health condition

metabool syndroom, veroudering

Research involving

Human

Sponsors and support

Primary sponsor: Prinses Máxima Centrum voor Kinderoncologie

Source(s) of monetary or material Support: KiKa

Intervention

Keyword: Late effects, Metabolic syndrome, Stem cell transplantation

Outcome measures

Primary outcome

Prevalence and risk factors of metabolic syndrome (and it's components) and

endothelial dysfunction

Secondary outcome

Prevalence and risk factors of accelerated aging

Study description

Background summary

In previous studies the prevalence of both metabolic and vascular chronic health problems has been shown to be high in survivors of hematopoietic stem cell transplantation (HSCT). Co-existence of these and other aging-related conditions (*multimorbidity*) at young adult age, suggests accelerated aging occurs in HSCT survivors, potentially leading to impaired quality of life, disability and early mortality. Previous studies on these chronic health conditions in HSCT survivors only included small patient numbers and did not examine the interrelation between these health problems nor potentially modifiable lifestyle risk factors.

Study objective

To study in two national cohorts of HSCT survivors, treated in different time periods, the prevalence and risk factors of metabolic syndrome, endothelial

dysfunction (as a sign of vascular damage) and the clinical phenotypes of accelerated aging so that high risk survivor groups can be identified and preventive strategies can be developed to improve health related quality of life and prevent early mortality in HSCT survivors.

Study design

Observational prospective study

Study burden and risks

Burden is limited to time investment, but tests are non-invasive except for a blood sample, preferably fasting, (that is also needed voor care) and no risk for participants is anticipated

Contacts

Public

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Trial sites

Listed location countries

Netherlands

Eligibility criteria

Age

Adolescents (12-15 years)

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Adolescents (16-17 years) Adults (18-64 years) Children (2-11 years)

Inclusion criteria

Survivors of hematopoietic stem cell transplantation in childhood (at age <=18 yr) for a hematological malignancy between 01-01-2002 and 01-01-2021, who are 4 years of age or older at inclusion and in follow-up in the late effects clinic of the Princess Maxima Center

Exclusion criteria

Treatment for second malignancy
No understanding of the Dutch language or illiterate

Study design

Design

Study type: Observational invasive

Masking: Open (masking not used)

Control: Uncontrolled

Primary purpose: Other

Recruitment

NL

Recruitment status: Recruiting

Start date (anticipated): 25-01-2024

Enrollment: 120

Type: Actual

Medical products/devices used

Registration: No

Ethics review

Approved WMO

Date: 07-06-2023

Application type: First submission

Review commission: METC NedMec

Approved WMO

Date: 28-12-2023

Application type: Amendment

Review commission: METC NedMec

Study registrations

Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

In other registers

Register ID

CCMO NL83998.041.23