# Promoting implementation of seizure detection devices in epilepsy care: the PROMISE study

Published: 23-02-2018 Last updated: 04-01-2025

1. To test the performance of the wearable SDD (Nightwatch) prospectively and the remote SDDs (video and audio) retrospectively in a family home setting. 2. To explore the feasibility of the Nightwatch

Ethical review	Approved WMO
Status	Completed
Health condition type	Seizures (incl subtypes)
Study type	Observational non invasive

## Summary

### ID

NL-OMON50690

**Source** ToetsingOnline

Brief title the PROMISE study

### Condition

• Seizures (incl subtypes)

**Synonym** convulsions, Epileptic seizures

**Research involving** Human

### **Sponsors and support**

**Primary sponsor:** Stichting Epilepsie Instellingen Nederland **Source(s) of monetary or material Support:** Ministerie van OC&W

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#### Intervention

Keyword: 'Epilepsy', 'Monitoring', 'Nightwatch', 'Seizure detection device(s)'

#### **Outcome measures**

#### **Primary outcome**

We will measure the performance of the Nightwatch and the video & audio

algorithms through calculation of sensitivity, positive predictive value, false

alarm rate and % time with valid signal allowing proper detection.

#### Secondary outcome

We will evaluate feasibility of the Nightwatch through surveys on quality of

life, sleep, pearental strain, and medical consumption and costs questionnaires

and interviews with parent(s)/representative(s).

## **Study description**

#### **Background summary**

Various remote and wearable sensor devices have been assessed for the detection of potentially dangerous seizures, with limited impact on epilepsy care so far. Our remote and wearable seizure detection devices (SDDs) have demonstrated promising results with high sensitivity.

#### **Study objective**

 To test the performance of the wearable SDD (Nightwatch) prospectively and the remote SDDs (video and audio) retrospectively in a family home setting.
To explore the feasibility of the Nightwatch

#### Study design

A home-based prospective SDD study with prospective validation of our wearable SDD.

#### Study burden and risks

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Implementing SDDs is not considered to pose any substantial risk. Study participation can be a burden for the family though, due to impact of the devices on privacy and time spent on the questionnaires & interviews. Participation does, however, also offer better insight for the parents in the actual nocturnal seizure activity of their child, demonstrates the added value of the Nightwatch and may help them to timely alert to major seizures.

## Contacts

Public Stichting Epilepsie Instellingen Nederland

Laan v. NOI 334 Den Haag 2593 CE NL **Scientific** Stichting Epilepsie Instellingen Nederland

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## **Trial sites**

## **Listed location countries**

Netherlands

## **Eligibility criteria**

#### Age

Adolescents (12-15 years) Adolescents (16-17 years) Children (2-11 years)

### **Inclusion criteria**

- Age 4-16 years
- Diagnosis of refractory epilepsy with >=1 major nocturnal seizure per week.
- Treated at one of the following epilepsy centers: SEIN, Kempenhaeghe or UMCU.
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• Written informed consent by legal representatives (mostly parents) and also by the subject when aged >=12 years and capable of signing informed consent.

## **Exclusion criteria**

• Intensive non-epileptic movement patterns such as severe choreatiform movements, intensive sleep walking, or frequent night terrors (> 1/week).

• Minor motor seizures only, i.e. non-generalized or short (< 10 sec.) tonic seizures or isolated myoclonias that are self-limited and do not require intervention.

• Presence of a pacemaker or cardiac arrhythmias that may generate false alarms (e.g. supraventricular tachycardia).

• Inability to comply to the trial procedure.

• Skin characteristics (e.g. tattoo) that may affect photoplethysmography and thereby influence performance of the Nightwatch .

• Dependence on another SDD (e.g. Emfit or saturation monitor). Simultaneous use of a baby phone (or other types of microphones) is permitted.

• Subjects who are not sleeping alone in the bed (i.e. co-sleeping in the parents\*/guardians\* bed influences the remote SDD). We do not allow subjects and parents/guardians to change their sleeping habits for the duration of the study only.

## Study design

## Design

Study type: Observational non invasive		
Masking:	Open (masking not used)	
Control:	Uncontrolled	
Primary purpose:	Diagnostic	

### Recruitment

NL	
Recruitment status:	Completed
Start date (anticipated):	26-04-2018
Enrollment:	60
Туре:	Actual

## Medical products/devices used

Generic name:	Nightwatch
Registration:	Yes - CE intended use

## **Ethics review**

Approved WMO Date:	23-02-2018
Application type:	First submission
Review commission:	METC NedMec
Approved WMO Date:	18-04-2018
Application type:	Amendment
Review commission:	METC NedMec
Approved WMO Date:	09-05-2018
Application type:	Amendment
Review commission:	METC NedMec
Approved WMO Date:	14-06-2018
Application type:	Amendment
Review commission:	METC NedMec
Approved WMO Date:	31-01-2019
Application type:	Amendment
Review commission:	METC NedMec
Approved WMO Date:	24-04-2019
Application type:	Amendment
Review commission:	METC NedMec
Approved WMO Date:	15-04-2020
Application type:	Amendment
Review commission:	METC NedMec

## **Study registrations**

### Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

### Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

### In other registers

Register	ID
ССМО	NL62995.041.17

## **Study results**

Date completed:	08-04-2021
Results posted:	21-10-2022
Actual enrolment:	2

#### **First publication**

21-10-2022