# **Evaluation of microsampling systems for bloodanalysis in the follow-up of patients**

Published: 04-11-2019 Last updated: 13-06-2024

Effect of capillary blood collected in Hem-Col and kept at roomtemperature for 72 hrs on several routine laboratory parameters. The results of the tests are compared with the outcome of these tests when blood is collected by venapuncture and...

**Ethical review** Approved WMO

**Status** Recruitment stopped

**Health condition type** Other condition

**Study type** Observational invasive

# **Summary**

## ID

NL-OMON49860

#### Source

**ToetsingOnline** 

#### **Brief title**

Capillary blood sampling

## **Condition**

Other condition

#### **Synonym**

Preanalytical procudures for bloodsampling

#### **Health condition**

diagnostiek

## Research involving

Human

# **Sponsors and support**

**Primary sponsor:** Medlon b.v. Medische Diagnostiek

Source(s) of monetary or material Support: Medlon b.v.

## Intervention

**Keyword:** Analysis, Capillary blood sampling, Self sampling

### **Outcome measures**

## **Primary outcome**

Effect of capillaire sampling in buffersolution and kept at roomtemperature on 23 laboratory parameters. In this study the outcome of different tests (CRP, ALAT, Albumine, Alkalisch fosfatase, Amylase, ASAT, Cholesterol, Kreatinine, Ferritine, Immunoglobulines, IJzer, Gamma-GT, HbA1c, HDL cholesterol, LDL Cholesterol, Apolipoproteine B, Totaal Eiwit, Transferrine, Triglycerides, TSH, Holotranscobalamine, Foliumzuur, Hemoglobin, Leucocytes, Trombocytes, LD and NT-proBNP) will be evaluated between blood drawn by venapuncture and capillary blood (capillary blood kept in Hem-Col tubes for 72 hrs).

Results of these tests (blood drawn by venapuncture) will be reported to their physician.

## **Secondary outcome**

Participants experience of capillary sampling.

# **Study description**

## **Background summary**

New bloodcollection systems are nowadays on the market. Hem-Col is a new bloodcollection tube which contains a buffer solution. A few drops of capillary blood can be stored in this buffer solution for 72 hrs at roomtemperature. This

system needs to be tested in a patientpopulation. In this study patients are asked to draw a few drops of capillary blood and put them in the buffer of absorbance material. The outcome of different laboratory parameters are compared to the outcome of the tests in venous blood and blood analysed within 4 hrs.

These new systems might have some advantages over the common practice: Less blood is needed. 4-40 mL compared to maximal 200 uL.

Patients perform the bloodsampling themselves. No nurses are needed. Patient can do the blooddrawing at home. They don't have to go to the nearest bloodcollectioncentre.

A independent scientific evaluation of these new systems has never been performed before.

## **Study objective**

Effect of capillary blood collected in Hem-Col and kept at roomtemperature for 72 hrs on several routine laboratory parameters. The results of the tests are compared with the outcome of these tests when blood is collected by venapuncture and immediately analyzed.

The experience of the participants will be evaluated.

## Study design

In total a group of 160 patients will be asked to participate in this study: 4 groups of 40 patients.

Group 1: venous sampling vs Hem-Col kept at roomtemperature for 72 hrs.

Group 2: venous sampling vs. Hem-Col kept at roomtemperature and mailed to the laboratory.

## Study burden and risks

No burden or risk for the participants other than the normal burden and risks for capillary sampling by a CE marked lancet.

# **Contacts**

#### **Public**

Medlon b.v. Medische Diagnostiek

Koningsplein 1 Enschede 7500 KA NI

#### Scientific

Medlon b.v. Medische Diagnostiek

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# **Trial sites**

# **Listed location countries**

**Netherlands** 

# **Eligibility criteria**

## Age

Adults (18-64 years) Elderly (65 years and older)

# **Inclusion criteria**

Patients from the outpatient clinic Aged above 18 years Informed consent

## **Exclusion criteria**

Unable to read and understand patientinformation.

# Study design

# **Design**

Study type: Observational invasive

Masking: Open (masking not used)

Control: Uncontrolled

Primary purpose: Diagnostic

## Recruitment

NL

Recruitment status: Recruitment stopped

Start date (anticipated): 14-01-2020

Enrollment: 80

Type: Actual

# **Ethics review**

Approved WMO

Date: 04-11-2019

Application type: First submission

Review commission: MEC-U: Medical Research Ethics Committees United

(Nieuwegein)

Approved WMO

Date: 08-04-2020

Application type: Amendment

Review commission: MEC-U: Medical Research Ethics Committees United

(Nieuwegein)

# **Study registrations**

# Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

# Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

# In other registers

Register ID

CCMO NL70447.100.19

# **Study results**

Date completed: 01-06-2024

**Summary results** 

Trial ended prematurely