Haemophilia in the Netherlands 6

Published: 24-01-2018 Last updated: 13-04-2024

The purpose of the HiN-6 study is:(1) To describe the health status of the Dutch haemophilia population, with special focus on viral infections, inhibitor development and age-related co-morbidities.(2) To gain insight into the health-related quality...

Ethical review	Approved WMO
Status	Recruitment stopped
Health condition type	Coagulopathies and bleeding diatheses (excl thrombocytopenic)
Study type	Observational invasive

Summary

ID

NL-OMON49798

Source ToetsingOnline

Brief title HiN-6

Condition

• Coagulopathies and bleeding diatheses (excl thrombocytopenic)

Synonym factor VIII deficiency/factor IX deficiency, Haemophilia

Research involving Human

Sponsors and support

Primary sponsor: Leids Universitair Medisch Centrum Source(s) of monetary or material Support: Ministerie van OC&W

Intervention

Keyword: Haemophilia, Inhibitors, Quality of health care, Quality of life

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Outcome measures

Primary outcome

Presence of disease-related co-morbidities, health-related quality of life,

quality of care, self-reported bleeding severity, self-reported joint function

and the presence of inhibitors, non-neutralizing antibodies and immunological

markers.

Secondary outcome

Not applicable

Study description

Background summary

There is little information on the current health status of the Dutch haemophilia population, especially ageing patients, HIV/HCV patients and inhibitor patients. In addition, quality of life may be reduced in some persons with haemophilia (PWH) despite similar levels of physical health. Furthermore, differences in clinical phenotypes have been described in patients with comparable coagulation factor activities. Lastly, inhibitor formation is still an important complication in haemophilia treatment, a better understanding is needed about the mechanisms that lead to inhibitor formation.

Study objective

The purpose of the HiN-6 study is:

(1) To describe the health status of the Dutch haemophilia population, with special focus on viral infections, inhibitor development and age-related co-morbidities.

(2) To gain insight into the health-related quality of life of PWH.

(3) To gain insight into the quality of care of PWH.

(4) To explain the variability in clinical phenotype among PWH.

(5) To gain insight into the mechanisms underlying the humoral and cellular immune response to FVIII.

Study design

The HiN-6 study will consist of both cross-sectional and longitudinal observational studies, according to the specific research objective. Some of the collected patient material and clinical data will be used to set up a biobank. Data will be collected from each participant*s medical record using case report forms, through questionnaires filled in by each participant, by blood sampling and by urine sampling.

Study burden and risks

The participants* burden consists of 1 or 2 blood draws, one urine collection and filling in a questionnaire. No direct benefit is expected from participation in this study. Participation in this study may have benefits for future patients with haemophilia.

Contacts

Public

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Trial sites

Listed location countries

Netherlands

Eligibility criteria

Age Adolescents (12-15 years) Adolescents (16-17 years)

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Adults (18-64 years) Children (2-11 years) Elderly (65 years and older)

Inclusion criteria

Men with severe, moderate, mild congenital haemophilia A or B that are registered at one of the haemophilia treatment centres in the Netherlands.
Written informed consent before data collection and sampling blood/urine.

- Male patients with congenital haemophilia A or B who underwent liver transplantation in the past (irrespective of their endogenous clotting factor levels)

- All currently deceased male haemophilia A or B patients that participated in the HiN-5 questionnaire in 2001

Exclusion criteria

- Female carriers of haemophilia A or B
- Symptomatic carriers of haemophilia A or B
- Patients with acquired haemophilia.
- Patients with reduced FVIII levels due to Von Willebrand disease.
- Inability to obtain informed consent from patients older than 12 years of age.
- No informed consent before data collection and sampling blood/urine.

Study design

Design

Study type: Observational invasive		
Masking:	Open (masking not used)	
Control:	Uncontrolled	
Primary purpose:	Basic science	

Recruitment

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NL	
Recruitment status:	Recruitment stopped
Start date (anticipated):	14-05-2018
Enrollment:	1250

Actual

Ethics review

Approved WMO	
Date:	24-01-2018
Application type:	First submission
Review commission:	METC Leiden-Den Haag-Delft (Leiden)
Approved WMO	
Date:	29-08-2019
Application type:	Amendment

Study registrations

Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

In other registers

Register CCMO **ID** NL59114.058.17