Heart Failure in Nursing Homes; a pilot study to determine the Prevalence of Heart Failure in Nursing Home Residents

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To investigate a developed methode to diagnose heart failure accurately in nursing home residents. The developed method have to be workable, should lay the foundation for further research and should lead to a first indication for the prevalence of...

Ethical review	Approved WMO
Status	Recruitment stopped
Health condition type	Heart failures
Study type	Observational invasive

Summary

ID

NL-OMON33853

Source ToetsingOnline

Brief title Heart Failure in Nursing Homes

Condition

• Heart failures

Synonym Heart Failure

Research involving Human

Sponsors and support

Primary sponsor: Universiteit Maastricht

Source(s) of monetary or material Support: Ministerie van OC&W,uit financiële middelen eigen instelling

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Intervention

Keyword: Co-morbidity, Heart Failure, Nursing Home, prevalence

Outcome measures

Primary outcome

The pilot will lead to a valid method for diagnosing heart failure in nursing home residents and more insight in the actual prevalence of heart failure in somatic nursing home residents. Furthermore it will lead to relevant recommendations for improving daily practice of diagnosing and treating heart failure. Ultimately this may result in a better quality of care for nursing home residents with heart failure and contribute to their quality of life

(QoL).

Secondary outcome

not actual

Study description

Background summary

Heart failure is an important and increasing clinical problem in older people. The problem of heart failure is expected to be particularly prevalent in the nursing home population. Reliable data about heart failure in nursing home residents are lacking because nursing home residents often are not included in clinical and epidemiological studies. The geriatric profile of frail nursing home residents is, next to their main diagnosis, characterized by a considerable amount of co-morbidity and polypharmacy. They often show many disabilities and because of that a high degree of care dependency. Nursing home residents not seldom show an atypical presentation of clinical symptoms, which makes it a real challenge to recognize, diagnose and treat heart failure early and adequately.

Up until now, no studis have been conducted on the prevalence of heart failure in Dutch nursing homes, as cardiovascular research in nursing homes still is in its infancy.

Study objective

To investigate a developed methode to diagnose heart failure accurately in nursing home residents. The developed method have to be workable, should lay the foundation for further research and should lead to a first indication for the prevalence of heart failure, as well as the relevant characteristics of nursing home residents with heart failure (including co-morbidity) and the current way(s) of diagnosing and treating heart failure in the selected nursing home.

Study design

In a pilot study several methods will be used to address the research questions related to the objectives of the study. There will be a cross-sectional prevalence measurement in a selected nursing home. Data will be collected from actual clinical examinations of nursing home residents, assessments of blood samples, patient records and questionaires.

Study burden and risks

There are no special risks for participating nursing home residents.The clinical examination including a blood sample and an echocardiography are done conform accepted guidelines to diagnose heart failure and part of daily cardiologic diagnostic routine. Normally, it is good practice when all residents are thoroughly examined. In this pilot study we only focus to diagnose heart failure. This may lead to the benefit that an unknown heart failure resident is detected. If so, adequate treatment for heart failure can be started which may lead to a better prognosis and improvement of quality of life.

Contacts

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Trial sites

Listed location countries

Netherlands

Eligibility criteria

Age Adults (18-64 years) Elderly (65 years and older)

Inclusion criteria

all residents aged over 65 years and staying on long term wards for chronic somatic care.

Exclusion criteria

residents who recieve palliative care

Study design

Design

Study type: Observational invasive	
Masking:	Open (masking not used)
Control:	Uncontrolled
Primary purpose:	Diagnostic

Recruitment

NL Recruitment status:

Recruitment stopped

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Start date (anticipated):	09-10-2009
Enrollment:	100
Туре:	Actual

Ethics review

Approved WMO	
Date:	23-03-2009
Application type:	First submission
Review commission:	METC academisch ziekenhuis Maastricht/Universiteit Maastricht, METC azM/UM (Maastricht)

Study registrations

Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

In other registers

Register CCMO ID NL23691.068.08