# Long term follow up in patients with intermittent claudication randomized for supervised exercise training or endovascular revascularization

Published: 17-11-2009 Last updated: 04-05-2024

To evaluate the long-term clinical effectiveness of patients with IC randomized for supervised exercise training orendovascular revascularization.

Ethical review	Approved WMO
Status	Recruiting
Health condition type	Lifestyle issues
Study type	Observational non invasive

# Summary

# ID

NL-OMON33307

**Source** ToetsingOnline

Brief title CETAC- follow up

## Condition

- Lifestyle issues
- Vascular injuries

Synonym Intermittent claudication, limping

**Research involving** Human

## **Sponsors and support**

#### Primary sponsor: Ikazia Ziekenhuis

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Source(s) of monetary or material Support: collectebusfondsen ikazia ziekenhuis

#### Intervention

Keyword: exercise, Intermittent claudication, revascularization, walking distance

### **Outcome measures**

#### **Primary outcome**

maximum walking distance

#### Secondary outcome

preference based utilities (EQ-5Dand Rating Scale), health status QoL scores

(SF-36 and VascuQol), ankle-brachial index, maximum painless walking distance,

clinical success, risk factor score, number of events, patency rates

# **Study description**

#### **Background summary**

Peripheral arterial disease (PAD) is a chronic atherosclerotic occlusive disease of the lower

extremities. The first clinical symptom in patients with PAD is intermittent claudication (IC) (i.e.,

Rutherford category 1, 2, or 3), which affects appoximately 275 000 people older than 50 years in

the Netherlands alone. Despite developments in treatment for Intermittent claudication, the standard treatment is not optimal. Results from studies directly comparing long-term effects of supervised exercise training and endovascular

revascularization are scarce. The CETAC study, a single centre RCT perfomed at Ikazia hospital, compared

endovascular revascularization to supervised exercise training.

The CETAC study demonstrated that after both treatments, functional capacity and quality-of-life scores

increased after 6- and 12-months follow-up in patients with IC. The improvement in maximum walking distance

,however, was significantly better after supervised exercise compared to endovascular revascularization

after 12 months follow-up. convincing evidence on long term effectiveness of

supervised exercise training compared to revascularization is lacking.Therefore, the added value of the continuation of the prospective CETAC study will be the long-term clinical effectiveness of supervised exercise training compared to revascularization in patients with IC after a mean follow up of 5 years.

#### **Study objective**

To evaluate the long-term clinical effectiveness of patients with IC randomized for supervised exercise training or endovascular revascularization.

#### Study design

Long-term follow up study of a RCT (CETAC study)

#### Study burden and risks

This study will be non-invasive for the participants and no risks are associated with participation.

# Contacts

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# **Trial sites**

## **Listed location countries**

Netherlands

# **Eligibility criteria**

Age Adults (18-64 years) Elderly (65 years and older)

### **Inclusion criteria**

As this study is a continuation of the CETAC study the inclusion criteria have been described extensively in the CETAC study.

# **Exclusion criteria**

As this study is a continuation of the CETAC study the exclusion criteria have been described extensively in the CETAC study.

# Study design

### Design

Study type: Observational non invasive		
Masking:	Open (masking not used)	
Control:	Uncontrolled	
Primary purpose:	Treatment	

### Recruitment

NL	
Recruitment status:	Recruiting
Start date (anticipated):	01-03-2010
Enrollment:	151
Туре:	Actual

## Medical products/devices used

Registration: No

# **Ethics review**

Approved WMO Date: Application type: Review commission:

17-11-2009 First submission TWOR: Toetsingscommissie Wetenschappelijk Onderzoek Rotterdam e.o. (Rotterdam)

# **Study registrations**

# Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

# Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

## In other registers

Register CCMO **ID** NL27981.101.09