

The use of fibrin sealant in CABG surgery. A pilot study.

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Is the application of allogeneic fibrin sealant in CABG surgery feasible and effective in stopping bleedings/restore hemostasis after restoring the blood flow?

Ethical review	Approved WMO
Status	Pending
Health condition type	Other condition
Study type	Observational non invasive

Summary

ID

NL-OMON30606

Source

ToetsingOnline

Brief title

Fibrin sealant in CABG surgery

Condition

- Other condition
- Coronary artery disorders

Synonym

coronary arteriosclerosis, stenosis of cardiac arteries

Health condition

bloedingen

Research involving

Human

Sponsors and support

Primary sponsor: Stichting Sanquin bloedvoorziening

Source(s) of monetary or material Support: Sanquin blood supply

Intervention

Keyword: Bleedings, Blood transfusion, CABG surgery, Fibrin sealant

Outcome measures

Primary outcome

Numbers of bleedingstops/complete hemostasis, at least 5 minutes after restoration of the blood flow.

Secondary outcome

Number of anastomoses

Number of bleedings stopped

Nummer of bloedtransfusies

Amounts of ml fibrin sealant applied

Study description

Background summary

Sanquin blood supply has been engaged by ZonMw to submit a research proposal of a multi-centre randomised controlled trial (RCT) to study the costeffectiveness of CryoSeal (fa. Thermogenesis) fibrin sealant in bypass surgery in the Dutch Health Care. Before applying, Sanquin wants to demonstrate in CABG surgery the feasibility and effectiveness of fibrin sealant composed of allogeneous plasma from blood donors.

Study objective

Is the application of allogeneic fibrin sealant in CABG surgery feasible and effective in stopping bleedings/restore hemostasis after restoring the blood flow?

Study design

Observationeel klinisch trial of patients who are undergo CABG (coronary bypass)surgery. Coagulation times are registered starting at the moment the fibrin sealant is applied, in addition to registration of the amounts of fibrin sealant used, number of bypasses, duration on-pump, number of bleedings stopped and given transfusions.

Study burden and risks

nihil to very low additional risks

Contacts

Public

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Trial sites

Listed location countries

Netherlands

Eligibility criteria

Age

Adults (18-64 years)

Elderly (65 years and older)

Inclusion criteria

CABG patients with a minimum age of 18 years
Revisions of CABG

Exclusion criteria

Patients with congenital or acquired coagulation diseases
Patients with thrombopenia, $< 100 \times 10^9$ PLT/L

Study design

Design

Study type: Observational non invasive

Masking: Open (masking not used)

Control: Uncontrolled

Primary purpose: Treatment

Recruitment

NL

Recruitment status: Pending

Start date (anticipated): 15-01-2007

Enrollment: 40

Type: Anticipated

Ethics review

Approved WMO

Application type: First submission

Review commission: METC Leids Universitair Medisch Centrum (Leiden)

Study registrations

Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

In other registers

Register

CCMO

ID

NL15994.058.07