

# Effect of milk containing Lactium on subjective sleep parameters.

No registrations found.

<b>Ethical review</b>	Not applicable
<b>Status</b>	Recruitment stopped
<b>Health condition type</b>	-
<b>Study type</b>	Interventional

## Summary

### ID

NL-OMON26292

### Source

Nationaal Trial Register

### Brief title

"slaap-onderzoek" (sleep study)

### Health condition

Mild Sleeping Disorders

## Sponsors and support

**Primary sponsor:** Friesland Foods Western Europe, Ede, the Netherlands

**Source(s) of monetary or material Support:** -

## Intervention

## Outcome measures

### Primary outcome

Sleep quality (assessed with the "Groningen Sleep Questionnaire") and sleep quantity.

### Secondary outcome

Quality of Life en Sleepiness.

# Study description

## Background summary

Effect of milk containing Lactium® on subjective sleep parameters.

### Introduction:

The quality of sleep is intrinsically linked to quality of life. According to CBS thirty eight percent of the middle-aged women in the study (> 45 y) responded 'yes' to the question 'Have you had sleeping problems in the past 14 days?' Lactium® is a protein hydrolysate derived from enzymatic treatment of milk ( $\alpha$ -S1) casein and has proven anti-stress effects.

### Objective:

The objective of the study is to study the effects of milk containing Lactium® on sleep in 200 adults with minor sleeping problems.

### Methods:

The study design is a randomized, placebo controlled, double blind intervention study, with parallel groups. A total of 200 subjects will be randomised to one of the two treatments: reference (normal semi-skimmed) milk and semi-skimmed milk with Lactium. Each subject will use the study milk during 2 weeks, half-an-hour before going to sleep.

### Primary outcome measures:

Daily questionnaires: Sleepiness (Scored by the Stanford Sleeping Scale in the evening), Sleep quality (Scored by the Groningen Sleep Questionnaire in the morning) and Sleep quantity (Scored in the morning).

## Study objective

Milk containing Lactium significantly increases duration and quality of sleep in persons with mild sleeping disorders.

## Study design

N/A

## **Intervention**

Semi-skimmed milk with Lactium compared to semi-skimmed milk without Lactium.

## **Contacts**

### **Public**

Friesland Foods,  
P.O. Box 159  
Astrid Bakker-Zierikzee  
Ede 6710 BD  
The Netherlands  
+31 (0)318 439368

### **Scientific**

Friesland Foods,  
P.O. Box 159  
Astrid Bakker-Zierikzee  
Ede 6710 BD  
The Netherlands  
+31 (0)318 439368

## **Eligibility criteria**

### **Inclusion criteria**

1. Healthy adults 20-60 years of age;
2. With regular and normal Dutch eating habits (consuming mostly three main meals including breakfast) and;
3. A regular lifestyle;
4. With sleeping problems present during more than 1 month prior to the start of the study and during 3 or more nights a week;
5. Having given their written informed consent;
6. Willing to comply with the study procedures;
7. Willing to accept use of all nameless data, including publication, and the confidential use and storage of all data for at least 15 years;

8. Sleeping problems are defined as more than 30 minutes awake after lights out or more than 3 times awake at night or during more than 45 min awake at night.

## **Exclusion criteria**

1. Participation in any clinical trial including blood sampling and/or administration of substances up to 90 days before the start of this study;
2. Participation in any non-invasive clinical trial up to 30 days before the start of this study, including no blood sampling and/or oral, intravenous, inhalatory administration of substances;
3. Mental status that is incompatible with the proper conduct of the study;
4. Intended vacation in the study period;
5. Having a history of medical or surgical events that may significantly affect the study outcome;
6. Use of medication for sleeping problems within three months prior to the study, and during the study;
7. Alcohol consumption > 21 units/week;
8. Frequent intense sport practice (more than 10 hours a week);
9. Reported participation on night shift work;
10. Pregnant or lactating or wishing to become pregnant in the period of the study;
11. Not having a general practitioner;
12. Not willing to accept information-transfer concerning participation in the study, or information regarding her health, like findings at anamnesis and eventual adverse events to and from her general practitioner;
13. Depression, restless legs, sleep apnoea syndrome.

## **Study design**

## Design

Study type:	Interventional
Intervention model:	Parallel
Allocation:	Randomized controlled trial
Masking:	Double blinded (masking used)
Control:	Placebo

## Recruitment

NL	
Recruitment status:	Recruitment stopped
Start date (anticipated):	01-01-2007
Enrollment:	200
Type:	Actual

## Ethics review

Not applicable	
Application type:	Not applicable

## Study registrations

### Followed up by the following (possibly more current) registration

No registrations found.

### Other (possibly less up-to-date) registrations in this register

No registrations found.

## In other registers

Register	ID
NTR-new	NL804
NTR-old	NTR817

**Register**

Other  
ISRCTN

**ID**

: N/A  
ISRCTN42343515

## Study results

**Summary results**

N/A